

etude\_du\_mini-stepper.pdf

## RDM - suite

<https://mistert.freeboxos.fr/ruffle/?swf=metaux&w=1400&h=800>

Cours RDM

cours flexion.pdf

## ACTIVITE STEPPER

etude\_du\_mini-stepper.pdf

notice.pdf

stepper\_solidworks.zip

## FLEXION

itec\_igz.pdf

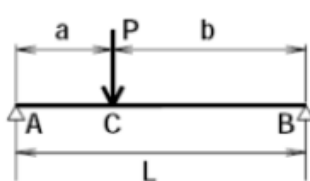
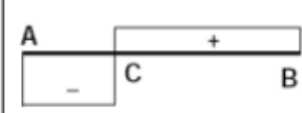
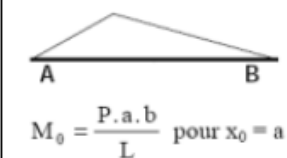
rdm\_effort\_tranchant\_moment.pdf

sujet\_-\_pont\_roulant.pdf

sujet\_-\_pont\_roulant2.pdf

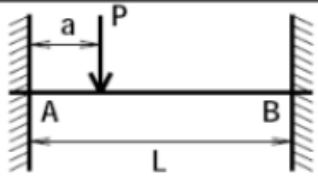
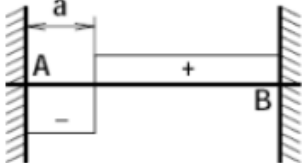

td\_flexion\_et\_structures\_metalliques.pdf

### III/ Poutre sur deux appuis simples

	Effort tranchant	Moment de flexion	Observations
 <p> <math>R_A = \frac{P \cdot b}{L}</math>    <math>R_B = \frac{P \cdot a}{L}</math>                      Charge concentrée P                 </p>	 <p> <math>V_{AC} = -R_A</math>    <math>V_{CB} = R_B</math> </p>	 <p> <math>M_0 = \frac{P \cdot a \cdot b}{L}</math> pour <math>x_0 = a</math> </p>	La flèche est maximale pour $x = \sqrt{\frac{L^2 - b^2}{3}}$ $f = -\frac{Fb(L^2 - b^2)^{3/2}}{9\sqrt{3}E.I.L}$ $\theta_A = \frac{F \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (L + b)}{E.I.L}$ $\theta_B = \frac{F \cdot a \cdot b \cdot (L + a)}{E.I.L}$

### III/ Poutre encastrée à chaque extrémité.

(Hyperstatique de degré 5 dans l'espace 3 dans le plan)

	Effort tranchant	Moment de flexion	Observations
 <p>Charge concentrée P</p>	 <p><math>V_A = -R_{Ay}</math> <math>V_B = R_{By}</math></p>	 <p> <math>M_A = -\frac{Pa(L-a)^2}{L^2}</math>  <math>M_B = -\frac{Pa(L-a)^2}{L^2}</math> </p>	<p>Pour <math>x_0 = a</math>  <math>V = 0</math>  <math>M_0 = -\frac{2Pa(L-a)^2}{L^3}</math></p>

itec\_rdm\_palonnier.pdf

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